- B. EPA may reject these objections if the Agency concludes either that:
 - 1. They are not made in good faith;
 - 2. They are untimely;
- 3. They are not related to the adequacy of the proposed testing program or other features of the agreement that may affect EPA's ability to fulfill the goals and purposes of TSCA: or

4. They are not accompanied by a specific explanation of the grounds on which the draft agreement is considered objectionable.

EPA will prepare an explanation of the basis for each ECA. The explanatory document will summarize the agreement (including the required testing), explain the objectives of the testing, and outline the chemical's use and exposure characteristics. The document, which will also announce the availability of the ECA, will be published in the **Federal Register**.

V. Proposal of Export Notification Requirements for Phthalic Anhydride

EPA intends to publish a proposed rule in an upcoming **Federal Register** document to require export notification by all persons who export or intend to export phthalic anhydride under TSCA section 12(b) upon the successful conclusion of an ECA for phthalic anhydride.

VI. Public Record and Electronic Submissions

As described above, phthalic anhydride is listed as a chemical that would be subject to testing requirements under the proposed HAPs test rule, as amended. This ECA negotiation process and the proposed rule, as amended, are separate and parallel activities. The official record for this ECA action, including the public version, has been established under docket control number OPPTS-42200B (including comments and data submitted electronically as described below). The official record for this document also includes all material and submissions filed under docket control number OPPTS-42187A, the record for the proposed HAPs test rule, as amended, and all materials and submissions filed under docket control number OPPTS 42187B, the record for the receipt of alternative testing proposals for developing ECAs for HAPs chemicals.

The official record for this document, including the public version, which does not include any information claimed as CBI, has been established for this document under docket control number OPPTS–42200B. The public version of this record is available for inspection from 12 noon to 4 p.m.,

Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The public record is located in the TSCA Nonconfidential Information Center, Rm. NE B-607, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460.

Electronic comments can be sent directly to EPA at: oppt.ncic@epamail.epa.gov.

Electronic comments must be submitted as an ASCII file avoiding the use of special characters and any form of encryption. Comments and data will also be accepted on disks in WordPerfect 5.1/6.1 or ASCII file format. All comments and data in electronic form must be identified by the docket control number, OPPTS–42200B. Electronic comments on this document may be filed online at many Federal Depository Libraries.

The record contains the following information:

- A. **Federal Register** notices/EPA documents pertaining to this notice consisting of:
- 1. "Proposed Test Rule for Hazardous Air Pollutants; Proposed Rule" (61 FR 33178, June 26, 1996).
- 2. "Amended Proposed Test Rule for Hazardous Air Pollutants; Extension of Comment Period" (62 FR 67466, December 24, 1997).
- B. PK proposal materials consisting of:
- 1. Chemical Manufacturers
 Association, Phthalic Anhydride
 Producers Task Group, "Testing
 Proposal of the Chemical Manufacturers
 Association Phthalic Anhydride
 Producers Task Group in Response to
 EPA's Proposed Rule for Phthalic
 Anhydride" (November 22, 1996).
- 2. U.S. EPA, "Preliminary EPA Technical Analysis of Proposed Industry Pharmacokinetics (PK) Strategy for Phthalic Anhydride" and cover letter (July 10, 1997).

List of Subjects

Environmental protection, Chemicals, Hazardous substances, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: January 5, 1998.

Charles M. Auer,

Director, Chemical Control Division, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics.

[FR Doc. 98–562 Filed 1–8–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–F

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

Sunshine Act Meeting

Pursuant to the provisions of the "Government in the Sunshine Act" (5

U.S.C. 552b), notice is hereby given that at 10:02 a.m. on Tuesday, January 6, 1998, the Board of Directors of the Federal Deposition Insurance Corporation met in closed session to consider certain corporate and administrative enforcement activities.

In calling the meeting, the Board determined, on motion of Director Ellen Seidman (Director, Office of Thrift Supervision), seconded by Director Joseph H. Neely (Appointive), concurred in by Director Eugene A. Ludwig (Comptroller of the Currency), and Acting Chairman Andrew C. Hove, Jr., that Corporation business required its consideration of the matters on less than seven days' notice to the public; that no earlier notice of the meeting was practicable; that the public interest did not require consideration of the matters in a meeting open to public observation; and that matters could be considered in a closed meeting by authority of subsections (c)(2), (c)(6), (c)(8), and (c)(9)(A)(ii) of the "Government in the Sunshine Act" (5 U.S.C. 552b(c)(2), (c)(6), (c)(8), and (c)(9)(A)(ii)).

The meeting was held in the Board Room of the FDIC Building located at 550–17th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C.

Dated: January 6, 1998.

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

James D. LaPierre,

Deputy Executive Secretary. [FR Doc. 98–696 Filed 1–7–98; 2:20 pm] BILLING CODE 6714–01–M

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

Agency Information Collection Activities: Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Federal Emergency Management Agency has submitted the following proposed information collection to the Office of Management and Budget for review and clearance in accordance with the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3507).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Executive Order 12862 requires "all executive departments and agencies that provide significant services directly to the public" to meet established customer service standards and to "survey customers to determine the kind and quality of services they want and their level of satisfaction with existing services. FEMA has developed and refined its Disaster Assistance Customer